



Supplementary Materials

Table S1. Frequency (in cm^{-1}) for the FTIR Absorption Bands Observed in CuHCF-II

$\nu(\text{CN}) \text{ cm}^{-1}$	$\delta(\text{Fe-CN}) \text{ cm}^{-1}$	$\nu(\text{Fe-C}) \text{ cm}^{-1}$	$\nu(\text{OH}) \text{ cm}^{-1}$	$\delta(\text{HOH}) \text{ cm}^{-1}$	References
2099.59	590	472	3609.12; 3452	1623.14	This study
2106	597	499	3621; 3506	1602	[1]

Table S2. The Physicochemical Characteristics of CuHCF-II

BET Surface Area	12.80 m^2/g
BJH Adsorption cumulative surface area of pores	11.657 m^2/g
BJH Desorption cumulative surface area of pores	12.853 m^2/g
BJH Adsorption cumulative volume of pores	0.101 cm^3/g
BJH Adsorption average pore width (4V/A):	34.499 nm
BJH Desorption average pore width (4V/A):	31.466 nm

Table S3. Cs^+ Adsorption Capacity of CuHCF-II at Different Temperatures From 298 To 348 K

$C_i \text{ (mg/L) before adsorption}$	q_e at 298 (K) (mg g^{-1})	q_e at 303 (K) (mg g^{-1})	q_e at 318 (K) (mg g^{-1})	q_e at 333 (K) (mg g^{-1})	q_e at 348 (K) (mg g^{-1})
75	73.79 \pm 1.12	73.54 \pm 1.24	73.38 \pm 1.24	72.82 \pm 1.22	72.45 \pm 2.11
100	98.13 \pm 1.26	97.88 \pm 1.26	97.72 \pm 1.53	97.18 \pm 1.43	96.75 \pm 1.73
120	116.95 \pm 1.85	116.71 \pm 1.33	116.54 \pm 2.11	116.03 \pm 1.21	115.78 \pm 2.27
145	139.82 \pm 1.67	139.97 \pm 1.73	139.41 \pm 2.16	138.87 \pm 1.88	138.48 \pm 1.98
170	160.16 \pm 1.32	159.91 \pm 1.56	159.85 \pm 1.77	159.24 \pm 1.55	158.78 \pm 2.65
200	184.69 \pm 1.22	184.48 \pm 1.19	184.28 \pm 1.27	183.74 \pm 1.27	173.35 \pm 3.55
230	184.79 \pm 1.14	184.57 \pm 1.15	184.29 \pm 1.29	183.90 \pm 1.20	183.41 \pm 2.11
250	185.19 \pm 0.67	184.58 \pm 2.56	184.38 \pm 2.33	183.94 \pm 2.22	183.44 \pm 2.98

Table S4. Comparison of Cs^+ Adsorption Capacities of Different Adsorbents

Adsorbent	pH	Maximum adsorption capacity (mg g^{-1})	References
CuHCF-II nanoparticles	6.0	197.72	This study
Zeolite A	6.0	208.7	[2]
Magnetic PB/GO	7.0	55.6	[3]
Graphene oxide/chitosan/potassium copper hexacyanoferrate (II) composite	6.5	64.7	[4]
Conjugate adsorbent	7.0	77.7	[1]
PB-sol and PB-insol	6.5	91.8	[5]
Trigonal Zinc hexacyanoferrate	6.0	190.52	[6]
Cobalt hexacyanoferrate nanoparticles	6.0	197.01	[7]

Table S5. Langmuir And Freundlich Isotherm Parameters of Cs⁺ Adsorbed by the CuHCF-II at The Temperature Ranges From 298 To 348K

Temperature	Langmuir isotherm model		
	q _{max} (mg g ⁻¹)	K _L (L mg ⁻¹)	R ²
298 K	196.91	0.50	0.98
303 K	196.78	0.46	0.98
318 K	197.72	0.42	0.97
333 K	197.18	0.33	0.96
348 K	197.16	0.30	0.96
Temperature	Freundlich isotherm model		
	K _F $\left(\frac{\text{mg}^{(1-\frac{1}{n})} \cdot \text{L}^{\frac{1}{n}}}{\text{g}}\right)$	1/n	R ²
298 K	95.17	0.18	0.92
303 K	88.52	0.19	0.85
318 K	92.71	0.18	0.87
333 K	88.52	0.19	0.85
348 K	82.87	0.21	0.82

Table S6. Thermodynamic Parameters of Cs⁺ Adsorption by The CuHCF-II

T (K)	K _C	Ln(K _C)	K _L	1/T*1000	ΔH° (kJ mol ⁻¹)	ΔS° (J mol ⁻¹)	ΔG° (kJ mol ⁻¹)
298 (K)	3697357	15.12	0.50	3.36	- 8.28	96.21	-37.47
303 (K)	3368140	15.03	0.46	3.30			-37.86
318 (K)	3078559	14.94	0.42	3.14			-39.50
333 (K)	2460383	14.72	0.33	3.00			-40.74
348 (K)	2215749	14.61	0.30	2.87			-42.27

Table S7. Compositions of PFO And PSO Adsorption Rate Constants

PFO model			
	q _e (mg g ⁻¹)	k ₁ (min ⁻¹)	R ²
Cs ⁺	197.32	0.11	0.64
PSO model			
	q _e (mg g ⁻¹)	k ₂ (g/mg·min)	R ²
Cs ⁺	186.85	0.54	0.99

References

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